

# SAFETY DATA SHEET

**RUST-OLEUM**  
INDUSTRIAL

7300 CombiColor Original Hammertone

## SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

### 1.1 Product identifier

**Product name** : 7300 CombiColor Original Hammertone  
**Product description** : Paint  
**Product type** : Liquid.  
**UFI** : 2Y92-80XQ-3003-5CDW  
**Product code** : ROI0115

### 1.2 Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Identified uses	
Consumer Industrial Professional	
Uses advised against	Reason
None identified.	-

### 1.3 Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

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Martin Mathys NV, Kolenbergstraat 23, B-3545 Zelem, Belgium  
Telephone no.: +32 (0) 13 460 200  
Fax no.: +32 (0) 13 460 201

Tor Coatings Limited  
Unit 21, White Rose Way, Follingsby Park, Gateshead, Tyne & Wear, NE10 8YX United Kingdom  
Telephone no.: +44 (0) 191 4106611  
Fax no.: +44 (0) 191 4920125  
enquiries@tor-coatings.com

**e-mail address of person responsible for this SDS** : rpmeurohas@rustoleum.eu

### 1.4 Emergency telephone number

#### National advisory body/Poison Centre

#### Supplier

Telephone number United Kingdom: : +44 870 8200418 / +44 2038073798  
Great Britain  
Hours of operation : 24 / 7

## SECTION 2: Hazards identification

### 2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture

**Product definition** : Mixture

#### Classification according to UK CLP/GHS

Flam. Liq. 3, H226  
STOT SE 3, H336  
Aquatic Chronic 3, H412

The product is classified as hazardous according to UK CLP Regulation SI 2019/720 as amended.

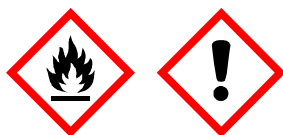
## SECTION 2: Hazards identification

See Section 16 for the full text of the H statements declared above.

See Section 11 for more detailed information on health effects and symptoms.

### 2.2 Label elements

#### Hazard pictograms



#### Signal word

: Warning

#### Hazard statements

: H226 - Flammable liquid and vapour.  
H336 - May cause drowsiness or dizziness.  
H412 - Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

#### Precautionary statements

##### General

: P103 - Read carefully and follow all instructions.  
P102 - Keep out of reach of children.  
P101 - If medical advice is needed, have product container or label at hand.

##### Prevention

: P280 - Wear protective gloves.  
P210 - Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking.  
P271 - Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area.

##### Response

: P303 + P361 + P353 - IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water.

##### Storage

: P403 + P235 - Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool.

##### Disposal

: P501 - Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national and international regulations.

#### Hazardous ingredients

: hydrocarbons, C9-C11, n-/ iso-/ cyclo-alkanes, < 2% aromatics

#### Supplemental label elements

: EUH066 - Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking.  
EUH208 - Contains neodecanoic acid, cobalt salt and maleic anhydride. May produce an allergic reaction.

#### Supplemental label elements : Detergents - Regulation (EC) No 907/2006

: Not applicable.

#### Annex XVII - Restrictions on the manufacture, placing on the market and use of certain dangerous substances, mixtures and articles

: Not applicable.

#### Special packaging requirements

##### Containers to be fitted with child-resistant fastenings

: Not applicable.

##### Tactile warning of danger

: Not applicable.

### 2.3 Other hazards

#### Product meets the criteria for PBT or vPvB according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006, Annex XIII

: This mixture does not contain any substances that are assessed to be a PBT or a vPvB.

#### Product meets the criteria for endocrine disrupting properties according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006.

: Not applicable

7300 CombiColor Original Hammertone

**SECTION 2: Hazards identification**

**Other hazards which do not result in classification** : None known.

**SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients**

**3.2 Mixtures** : Mixture

Product/ingredient name	Identifiers	%	Classification	Type
hydrocarbons, C9-C11, n-/ iso-/ cyclo-alkanes, < 2% aromatics	REACH #: 01-2119463258-33 EC: 919-857-5	≥25 - ≤50	Flam. Liq. 3, H226 STOT SE 3, H336 Asp. Tox. 1, H304 EUH066	[1] [2]
trizinc bis(orthophosphate)	REACH #: 01-2119485044-40 EC: 231-944-3 CAS: 7779-90-0 Index: 030-011-00-6	<2	Aquatic Acute 1, H400 (M=1) Aquatic Chronic 1, H410 (M=1)	[1]
hydrocarbons, C10-C13, n-/ iso-/ cyclo-alkanes, < 2% aromatics	REACH #: 01-2119457273-39 EC: 918-481-9	≤1	Asp. Tox. 1, H304 EUH066	[1] [2]
zinc oxide	REACH #: 01-2119463881-32 EC: 215-222-5 CAS: 1314-13-2 Index: 030-013-00-7	≤0,3	Aquatic Acute 1, H400 (M=1) Aquatic Chronic 1, H410 (M=1)	[1]
neodecanoic acid, cobalt salt	REACH #: 01-2119970733-31 EC: 248-373-0 CAS: 27253-31-2	≤0,3	Acute Tox. 4, H302 Skin Sens. 1, H317 STOT RE 1, H372 Aquatic Chronic 3, H412	[1] [2]
maleic anhydride	REACH #: 01-2119472428-31 EC: 203-571-6 CAS: 108-31-6 Index: 607-096-00-9	<0,001	Acute Tox. 4, H302 Skin Corr. 1B, H314 Eye Dam. 1, H318 Resp. Sens. 1, H334 Skin Sens. 1A, H317 STOT RE 1, H372 (inhalation) EUH071 <b>See Section 16 for the full text of the H statements declared above.</b>	[1] [2]

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment, are PBTs, vPvBs or Substances of equivalent concern, or have been assigned a workplace exposure limit and hence require reporting in this section.

Type

[1] Substance classified with a health or environmental hazard

[2] Substance with a workplace exposure limit

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

**SECTION 4: First aid measures****4.1 Description of first aid measures**

**Eye contact** : Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. Check for and remove any contact lenses. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention.

## SECTION 4: First aid measures

- Inhalation** : Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Get medical attention. If necessary, call a poison center or physician. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.
- Skin contact** : Wash skin thoroughly with soap and water or use recognised skin cleanser. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Get medical attention if symptoms occur. Wash clothing before reuse. Clean shoes thoroughly before reuse.
- Ingestion** : Wash out mouth with water. Remove dentures if any. If material has been swallowed and the exposed person is conscious, give small quantities of water to drink. Stop if the exposed person feels sick as vomiting may be dangerous. Do not induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. If vomiting occurs, the head should be kept low so that vomit does not enter the lungs. Get medical attention. If necessary, call a poison center or physician. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.
- Protection of first-aiders** : No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation.

### 4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

#### Over-exposure signs/symptoms

- Eye contact** : No specific data.
- Inhalation** : Adverse symptoms may include the following:  
nausea or vomiting  
headache  
drowsiness/fatigue  
dizziness/vertigo  
unconsciousness
- Skin contact** : Adverse symptoms may include the following:  
irritation  
dryness  
cracking
- Ingestion** : No specific data.

### 4.3 Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

- Notes to physician** : Treat symptomatically. Contact poison treatment specialist immediately if large quantities have been ingested or inhaled.
- Specific treatments** : No specific treatment.

## SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

### 5.1 Extinguishing media

- Suitable extinguishing media** : Use dry chemical, CO<sub>2</sub>, water spray (fog) or foam.
- Unsuitable extinguishing media** : Do not use water jet.

### 5.2 Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

## SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

- Hazards from the substance or mixture** : Flammable liquid and vapour. Runoff to sewer may create fire or explosion hazard. In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst, with the risk of a subsequent explosion. The vapour/gas is heavier than air and will spread along the ground. Vapours may accumulate in low or confined areas or travel a considerable distance to a source of ignition and flash back. This material is harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects. Fire water contaminated with this material must be contained and prevented from being discharged to any waterway, sewer or drain.
- Hazardous combustion products** : Decomposition products may include the following materials:  
 carbon dioxide  
 carbon monoxide  
 phosphorus oxides  
 metal oxide/oxides
- 5.3 Advice for firefighters**
- Special protective actions for fire-fighters** : Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Move containers from fire area if this can be done without risk. Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool.
- Special protective equipment for fire-fighters** : Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode. Clothing for fire-fighters (including helmets, protective boots and gloves) conforming to British standard BS EN 469 will provide a basic level of protection for chemical incidents.
- Additional information** : No unusual hazard if involved in a fire.

## SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

### 6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

- For non-emergency personnel** : No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilt material. Shut off all ignition sources. No flares, smoking or flames in hazard area. Avoid breathing vapour or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.
- For emergency responders** : If specialised clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".

### 6.2 Environmental precautions

- : Avoid dispersal of spilt material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air). Water polluting material. May be harmful to the environment if released in large quantities.

### 6.3 Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

- Small spill** : Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Absorb with an inert material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.
- Large spill** : Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Approach the release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilt product. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations.

## SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

- 6.4 Reference to other sections** : See Section 1 for emergency contact information.  
 See Section 8 for information on appropriate personal protective equipment.  
 See Section 13 for additional waste treatment information.

## SECTION 7: Handling and storage

The information in this section contains generic advice and guidance.

### 7.1 Precautions for safe handling

- Protective measures** : Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Do not ingest. Avoid contact with eyes, skin and clothing. Avoid breathing vapour or mist. Avoid release to the environment. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Do not enter storage areas and confined spaces unless adequately ventilated. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Store and use away from heat, sparks, open flame or any other ignition source. Use explosion-proof electrical (ventilating, lighting and material handling) equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against electrostatic discharges. To avoid fire or explosion, dissipate static electricity during transfer by earthing and bonding containers and equipment before transferring material. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.
- Advice on general occupational hygiene** : Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.

### 7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Do not store above the following temperature: 35°C (95°F). Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in a segregated and approved area. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Store locked up. Eliminate all ignition sources. Separate from oxidising materials. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabelled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination. See Section 10 for incompatible materials before handling or use.

#### Seveso Directive - Reporting thresholds

##### Danger criteria

Category	Notification and MAPP threshold	Safety report threshold
P5c	5000 tonnes	50000 tonnes

### 7.3 Specific end use(s)

- Recommendations** : Not available.
- Industrial sector specific solutions** : Not available.

## SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

### 8.1 Control parameters

#### Occupational exposure limits

## SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

Product/ingredient name	Exposure limit values
hydrocarbons, C9-C11, n-/ iso-/ cyclo-alkanes, < 2% aromatics	<b>Recommended by manufacturer (GB, 2009) [hydrocarbons, C9-C11, n-/ iso-/ cyclo-alkanes, &lt; 2% aromatics]</b> TWA 8 hours: 1200 mg/m <sup>3</sup> (as hydrocarbon mixture (A) (197 ppm)). Form: Vapour.
hydrocarbons, C10-C13, n-/ iso-/ cyclo-alkanes, < 2% aromatics	<b>Recommended by manufacturer (GB, 2009) [hydrocarbons, C10-C13, n-/ iso-/ cyclo-alkanes, &lt; 2% aromatics]</b> TWA 8 hours: 1200 mg/m <sup>3</sup> ((184 ppm)). Form: Vapour.
neodecanoic acid, cobalt salt	<b>EH40/2005 WELs (United Kingdom (UK), 1/2020) [cobalt and cobalt compounds]</b> Carc. Inhalation sensitiser. TWA 8 hours: 0,1 mg/m <sup>3</sup> (as Co).
maleic anhydride	<b>EH40/2005 WELs (United Kingdom (UK), 1/2020)</b> Inhalation sensitiser. STEL 15 minutes: 3 mg/m <sup>3</sup> . TWA 8 hours: 1 mg/m <sup>3</sup> .

### Biological exposure indices

No exposure indices known.

**Recommended monitoring procedures** : Reference should be made to monitoring standards, such as the following: British Standard BS EN 689 (Workplace atmospheres - Guidance for the assessment of exposure by inhalation to chemical agents for comparison with limit values and measurement strategy) British Standard BS EN 14042 (Workplace atmospheres - Guide for the application and use of procedures for the assessment of exposure to chemical and biological agents) British Standard BS EN 482 (Workplace atmospheres - General requirements for the performance of procedures for the measurement of chemical agents) Reference to national guidance documents for methods for the determination of hazardous substances will also be required.

### DNELs/DMELs

Product/ingredient name	Result	Value	Effects
hydrocarbons, C9-C11, n-/ iso-/ cyclo-alkanes, < 2% aromatics	<b>DNEL - Workers - Long term - Dermal</b>	280 mg/kg	<u>Effects:</u> Systemic
	<b>DNEL - Workers - Short term - Inhalation</b>	871 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	<u>Effects:</u> Systemic
	<b>DNEL - General population - Consumers - Long term - Oral</b>	125 mg/kg bw/day	<u>Effects:</u> Systemic
	<b>DNEL - General population - Consumers - Long term - Inhalation</b>	185 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	<u>Effects:</u> Systemic
	<b>DNEL - General population - Consumers - Long term - Dermal</b>	125 mg/kg	<u>Effects:</u> Systemic
	trizinc bis(orthophosphate)	<b>DNEL - Workers - Long term - Inhalation</b>	5 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
<b>DNEL - General population - Consumers - Long term - Inhalation</b>		2,5 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	<u>Effects:</u> Systemic
<b>DNEL - Workers - Long term - Dermal</b>		83 mg/kg bw/day	<u>Effects:</u> Systemic
<b>DNEL - General population - Consumers - Long term - Dermal</b>		83 mg/kg bw/day	<u>Effects:</u> Systemic
<b>DNEL - General population -</b>		0,83 mg/kg bw/	<u>Effects:</u>

**SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection**

zinc oxide	<b>Consumers - Long term - Oral</b>	day	Systemic
	<b>DNEL - Workers - Long term - Inhalation</b>	5 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	<u>Effects:</u> Systemic
	<b>DNEL - General population - Consumers - Long term - Inhalation</b>	2,5 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	<u>Effects:</u> Systemic
	<b>DNEL - Workers - Long term - Dermal</b>	83 mg/kg bw/day	<u>Effects:</u> Systemic
	<b>DNEL - General population - Consumers - Long term - Dermal</b>	83 mg/kg bw/day	<u>Effects:</u> Systemic
neodecanoic acid, cobalt salt	<b>DNEL - General population - Consumers - Long term - Oral</b>	0,83 mg/kg bw/day	<u>Effects:</u> Systemic
	<b>DNEL - Workers - Long term - Inhalation</b>	273 µg/m <sup>3</sup>	<u>Effects:</u> Local
	<b>DNEL - General population - Long term - Inhalation</b>	43 µg/m <sup>3</sup>	<u>Effects:</u> Local
maleic anhydride	<b>DNEL - General population - Long term - Oral</b>	0,032 mg/kg bw/day	<u>Effects:</u> Systemic
	<b>DNEL - Workers - Short term - Inhalation</b>	0,8 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	<u>Effects:</u> Systemic
	<b>DNEL - Workers - Short term - Dermal</b>	0,04 mg/kg	<u>Effects:</u> Systemic
	<b>DNEL - Workers - Long term - Inhalation</b>	0,4 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	<u>Effects:</u> Systemic
	<b>DNEL - General population - Long term - Inhalation</b>	0,05 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	<u>Effects:</u> Systemic
	<b>DNEL - General population - Long term - Oral</b>	0,06 mg/kg bw/day	<u>Effects:</u> Systemic
	<b>DNEL - General population - Long term - Inhalation</b>	0,08 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	<u>Effects:</u> Local
	<b>DNEL - Workers - Long term - Inhalation</b>	0,081 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	<u>Effects:</u> Local
	<b>DNEL - General population - Short term - Oral</b>	0,1 mg/kg bw/day	<u>Effects:</u> Systemic
	<b>DNEL - General population - Short term - Dermal</b>	0,1 mg/kg bw/day	<u>Effects:</u> Systemic
	<b>DNEL - General population - Long term - Dermal</b>	0,1 mg/kg bw/day	<u>Effects:</u> Systemic
<b>DNEL - Workers - Long term - Dermal</b>	0,2 mg/kg bw/day	<u>Effects:</u> Systemic	
<b>DNEL - Workers - Short term - Inhalation</b>	0,2 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	<u>Effects:</u> Local	

**SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection**

**PNECs**

<b>Product/ingredient name</b>	<b>Result</b>	<b>Value</b>	<b>Remarks</b>
trizinc bis(orthophosphate)	Fresh water	48,1 µg/l	-
	Marine	14,2 µg/l	-
	Fresh water sediment	550,2 mg/kg	-
	Marine water sediment	263,9 mg/kg	-
	Soil	249,4 mg/kg	-
	Sewage Treatment Plant	121,4 µg/l	-
zinc oxide	Fresh water	25,6 µg/l	-
	Marine	7,6 µg/l	-
	Sewage Treatment Plant	64,7 µg/l	-
	Fresh water sediment	146 mg/kg dwt	-
	Marine water sediment	70,3 mg/kg dwt	-
	Soil	44,3 mg/kg dwt	-
neodecanoic acid, cobalt salt	Fresh water	20,6 µg/l	-
	Marine water	6,1 µg/l	-
	Fresh water sediment	117,8 mg/kg	-
	Marine water sediment	56,5 mg/kg	-
	Soil	35,6 mg/kg	-
	Sewage Treatment Plant	100 µg/l	-
maleic anhydride	Fresh water	1,06 µg/l	-
	Marine water	2,36 µg/l	-
	Sewage Treatment Plant	0,37 mg/l	-
	Fresh water sediment	53,8 mg/kg dwt	-
	Marine water sediment	69,8 mg/kg dwt	-
	Soil	10,9 mg/kg dwt	-
maleic anhydride	Fresh water	0,04281 mg/l	-
	Marine water	0,004281 mg/l	-
	Soil	0,0415 mg/l	-
	Fresh water sediment	0,334 mg/kg	-
	Marine water sediment	0,0334 mg/kg	-
	Sewage Treatment Plant	44,6 mg/l	-

**8.2 Exposure controls**

**SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection**

**Appropriate engineering controls** : Use only with adequate ventilation. Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits. The engineering controls also need to keep gas, vapour or dust concentrations below any lower explosive limits. Use explosion-proof ventilation equipment.

**Individual protection measures**

**Hygiene measures** : Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.

**Eye/face protection** : Safety eyewear complying with an approved standard should be used when a risk assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists, gases or dusts. Use eye protection according to EN 166. If contact is possible, the following protection should be worn, unless the assessment indicates a higher degree of protection: safety glasses with side-shields.

**Skin protection**

There is no one glove material or combination of materials that will give unlimited resistance to any individual or combination of chemicals.

The breakthrough time must be greater than the end use time of the product.

The instructions and information provided by the glove manufacturer on use, storage, maintenance and replacement must be followed.

Gloves should be replaced regularly and if there is any sign of damage to the glove material.

Always ensure that gloves are free from defects and that they are stored and used correctly.

The performance or effectiveness of the glove may be reduced by physical/chemical damage and poor maintenance. Barrier creams may help to protect the exposed areas of the skin but should not be applied once exposure has occurred.

**Hand protection** : Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated. > 8 hours (breakthrough time): polyethylene (PE), polyvinyl alcohol (PVA), nitrile rubber (0.5mm)

The recommendation for the type or types of glove to use when handling this product is based on information from the following source: EN374. The user must check that the final choice of type of glove selected for handling this product is the most appropriate and takes into account the particular conditions of use, as included in the user's risk assessment.

**Body protection** : Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product. When there is a risk of ignition from static electricity, wear anti-static protective clothing. For the greatest protection from static discharges, clothing should include anti-static overalls, boots and gloves. Refer to British Standard BS EN 1149 for further information on material and design requirements and test methods. Recommended: Personnel should wear antistatic clothing made of natural fibres or of high-temperature-resistant synthetic fibres.

**Other skin protection** : Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.

**Respiratory protection** : Based on the hazard and potential for exposure, select a respirator that meets the appropriate standard or certification. Respirators must be used according to a respiratory protection program to ensure proper fitting, training, and other important aspects of use. Recommended: organic vapour (Type A) and particulate filter (EN 140)

**Environmental exposure controls** : Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.

**SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties**

The conditions of measurement of all properties are at standard temperature and pressure unless otherwise indicated.

**9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties**

<b>Physical state</b>	: Liquid.
<b>Colour</b>	: Various
<b>Odour</b>	: Hydrocarbon. [Slight]
<b>Odour threshold</b>	: Not available.
<b>Melting point/freezing point</b>	: Not applicable. [Literature]
<b>Initial boiling point and boiling range</b>	: 150 to 205°C (302 to 401°F) [Literature hydrocarbons, C9-C11, n-/ iso-/ cyclo-alkanes, < 2% aromatics]
<b>Flammability (solid, gas)</b>	: Flammable in the presence of the following materials or conditions: open flames, sparks and static discharge, heat and shocks and mechanical impacts. Vapour may travel a considerable distance to source of ignition and flash back.
<b>Lower and upper explosion limit</b>	: Lower: 0,61% [Calculated (Le Chatelier mixture rule)] Upper: 7,04% [Calculated (Le Chatelier mixture rule)]
<b>Flash point</b>	: Closed cup: 41°C (105,8°F) [Literature hydrocarbons, C9-C11, n-/ iso-/ cyclo-alkanes, < 2% aromatics]
<b>Auto-ignition temperature</b>	: >230°C (>446°F) [Literature hydrocarbons, C9-C11, n-/ iso-/ cyclo-alkanes, < 2% aromatics]
<b>Decomposition temperature</b>	: Not applicable.
<b>pH</b>	: Not applicable.
<b>pH : Justification</b>	: Product is non-soluble (in water).
<b>Viscosity</b>	: Dynamic (room temperature): 1000 to 1250 mPa·s [ASTM D562 [KU]] Kinematic (room temperature): 909 to 1414 mm <sup>2</sup> /s [calculated.] Kinematic (40°C): >20,5 mm <sup>2</sup> /s [calculated.]

**Solubility(ies)**

:

Media	Result
cold water	Not soluble
hot water	Not soluble

<b>Solubility in water</b>	: Not available.
<b>Partition coefficient: n-octanol/ water</b>	: Not applicable.
<b>Vapour pressure</b>	: 0,1 to 0,3 kPa (0,75 to 2,25 mm Hg) [Literature hydrocarbons, C9-C11, n-/ iso-/ cyclo-alkanes, < 2% aromatics]
<b>Evaporation rate</b>	: 0,2 (butyl acetate = 1)
<b>Relative density</b>	: Not available.
<b>Density</b>	: 0,884 to 1,1 g/cm <sup>3</sup> [20°C (68°F)] [DIN 53217]
<b>Vapour density</b>	: >1 [Air = 1]
<b>Explosive properties</b>	: Non-explosive in the presence of the following materials or conditions: open flames, sparks and static discharge, heat and shocks and mechanical impacts. No unusual hazard if involved in a fire.
<b>Oxidising properties</b>	: Not available.
<b>Particle characteristics</b>	
<b>Median particle size</b>	: Not applicable.

## SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

- 10.1 Reactivity** : No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.
- 10.2 Chemical stability** : The product is stable.
- 10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions** : Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.
- 10.4 Conditions to avoid** : Avoid all possible sources of ignition (spark or flame). Do not pressurise, cut, weld, braze, solder, drill, grind or expose containers to heat or sources of ignition. Do not allow vapour to accumulate in low or confined areas.
- 10.5 Incompatible materials** : Reactive or incompatible with the following materials:  
oxidising materials
- 10.6 Hazardous decomposition products** : Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be produced.

## SECTION 11: Toxicological information

### 11.1 Information on toxicological effects

#### Acute toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Value
trizinc bis(orthophosphate)	Rat - Oral - LD50	>5000 mg/kg
	Rat - Inhalation - LC50 Dusts and mists	>5,7 mg/l [4 hours]
hydrocarbons, C10-C13, n-/ iso-/ cyclo-alkanes, < 2% aromatics	Rabbit - Dermal - LD50	>5000 mg/kg
	Rat - Oral - LD50	>5000 mg/kg
	Rat - Inhalation - LC50 Vapour	5000 mg/m <sup>3</sup> [4 hours]
zinc oxide	Rat - Oral - LD50	>15 g/kg
	Mouse - Inhalation - LC50 Dusts and mists	2500 mg/m <sup>3</sup> [4 hours]
neodecanoic acid, cobalt salt	Rat - Female - Oral - LD50	1098 mg/kg
maleic anhydride	Rat - Oral - LD50	400 mg/kg
	Rabbit - Dermal - LD50	2620 mg/kg

**Conclusion/Summary [Product]** : Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

#### Acute toxicity estimates

Product/ingredient name	Oral (mg/kg)	Dermal (mg/kg)	Inhalation (gases) (ppm)	Inhalation (vapours) (mg/l)	Inhalation (dusts and mists) (mg/l)
hydrocarbons, C9-C11, n-/ iso-/ cyclo-alkanes, < 2% aromatics	10000	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
neodecanoic acid, cobalt salt	1098	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
maleic anhydride	400	2620	N/A	N/A	N/A

**SECTION 11: Toxicological information****Skin corrosion/irritation**

Product/ingredient name	Result	Exposure	Observation
zinc oxide	Rabbit - Skin - Mild irritant	Amount/concentration applied: 500 mg	-

**Conclusion/Summary [Product]** : Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

**Ingredient name**

hydrocarbons, C9-C11, n-/ iso-/ cyclo-alkanes, < 2% aromatics  
zinc oxide  
neodecanoic acid, cobalt salt

**Conclusion/Summary**

May cause mild skin irritation  
Non-irritating to the skin.  
Non-irritating to the skin.

**Serious eye damage/eye irritation**

Product/ingredient name	Result	Exposure	Observation
zinc oxide	Rabbit - Eyes - Mild irritant	Amount/concentration applied: 500 mg	-
maleic anhydride	Rabbit - Eyes - Severe irritant	Amount/concentration applied: 1 %	-

**Conclusion/Summary [Product]** : Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

**Ingredient name**

hydrocarbons, C9-C11, n-/ iso-/ cyclo-alkanes, < 2% aromatics  
zinc oxide  
neodecanoic acid, cobalt salt

**Conclusion/Summary**

Non-irritating to the eyes.  
Non-irritating to the eyes.  
Non-irritating to the eyes.

**Respiratory corrosion/irritation**

Not available.

**Conclusion/Summary [Product]** : May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

**Respiratory or skin sensitization**

Product/ingredient name	Species - Route of exposure	Result
hydrocarbons, C9-C11, n-/ iso-/ cyclo-alkanes, < 2% aromatics	Rabbit - skin	Result: Not sensitizing

**Skin**

**Conclusion/Summary [Product]** : Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

**Ingredient name**

zinc oxide  
neodecanoic acid, cobalt salt

**Conclusion/Summary**

Non-sensitizer to skin.  
May cause sensitisation by skin contact.

**Respiratory**

**Conclusion/Summary [Product]** : Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

**Ingredient name**

zinc oxide

**Conclusion/Summary**

None sensitizer

**Germ cell mutagenicity**

Not available.

## SECTION 11: Toxicological information

**Conclusion/Summary [Product]** : Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

### Carcinogenicity

Not available.

**Conclusion/Summary [Product]** : Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

### Reproductive toxicity

Not available.

**Conclusion/Summary [Product]** : Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

### Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

**Product/ingredient name**

hydrocarbons, C9-C11, n-/ iso-/ cyclo-alkanes, < 2% aromatics

**Result**

STOT SE 3, H336 (Narcotic effects)

### Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

**Product/ingredient name**

neodecanoic acid, cobalt salt  
maleic anhydride

**Result**

STOT RE 1, H372  
STOT RE 1, H372 (inhalation)

### Aspiration hazard

**Product/ingredient name**

hydrocarbons, C9-C11, n-/ iso-/ cyclo-alkanes, < 2% aromatics  
hydrocarbons, C10-C13, n-/ iso-/ cyclo-alkanes, < 2% aromatics

**Result**

ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1  
ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1

### Information on likely routes of exposure

Routes of entry anticipated: Oral, Dermal, Inhalation, Eyes.

### Potential acute health effects

- Eye contact** : No known significant effects or critical hazards.
- Inhalation** : Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression. May cause drowsiness or dizziness.
- Skin contact** : Defatting to the skin. May cause skin dryness and irritation.
- Ingestion** : Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression.

### Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

- Eye contact** : No specific data.
- Inhalation** : Adverse symptoms may include the following:  
nausea or vomiting  
headache  
drowsiness/fatigue  
dizziness/vertigo  
unconsciousness
- Skin contact** : Adverse symptoms may include the following:  
irritation  
dryness  
cracking
- Ingestion** : No specific data.

## SECTION 11: Toxicological information

### Delayed and immediate effects as well as chronic effects from short and long-term exposure

#### Short term exposure

**Potential immediate effects** : Not available.

**Potential delayed effects** : Not available.

#### Long term exposure

**Potential immediate effects** : Not available.

**Potential delayed effects** : Not available.

### Potential chronic health effects

Not available.

**Conclusion/Summary [Product]** : Not available.

**General** : Prolonged or repeated contact can defat the skin and lead to irritation, cracking and/or dermatitis.

**Carcinogenicity** : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

**Mutagenicity** : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

**Reproductive toxicity** : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

### Other information

Not available.

## SECTION 12: Ecological information

### 12.1 Toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species
hydrocarbons, C9-C11, n-/ iso-/ cyclo-alkanes, < 2% aromatics	<b>Acute - NOEC</b> 100 mg/l [72 hours]	Algae
	<b>Chronic - NOEC</b> 0,23 mg/l	Daphnia spec.
	<b>Chronic - NOEC</b> 0,131 mg/l	Fish
trizinc bis(orthophosphate)	<b>Acute - IC50</b> 1,87 mg/l [72 hours]	Algae
	<b>Acute - EC50</b> 5,7 mg/l [48 hours]	Daphnia spec.
hydrocarbons, C10-C13, n-/ iso-/ cyclo-alkanes, < 2% aromatics	<b>Acute - LC50</b> >1000 mg/l [4 hours]	Fish
	<b>Acute - EC50</b> >1000 mg/l [4 hours]	Daphnia spec.
	<b>Acute - IC50</b> >1000 mg/l [4 hours]	Algae
zinc oxide	<b>Acute - LC50 - Fresh water</b> 98 µg/l [48 hours]	Daphnia spec. - Water flea - Neonate
	<b>Acute - IC50 - Fresh water</b> 46 µg/l [72 hours]	Algae - Green algae - Exponential growth phase
	<b>Acute - EC50 - Fresh water</b> 0,481 mg/l [48 hours]	Daphnia spec. - Water flea - Neonate

## SECTION 12: Ecological information

maleic anhydride	<b>Acute - EC50</b> 0,413 mg/l [48 hours]	Daphnia spec.
	<b>Chronic - NOEC</b> 0,082 mg/l [7 days]	Daphnia spec.
	<b>Acute - EC50</b> 0,137 mg/l [72 hours]	Algae
	<b>Chronic - NOEC</b> 0,019 mg/l [7 days]	Algae
	<b>Acute - LC50</b> 0,33 to 0,78 mg/l [96 hours]	Fish - Rainbow trout (oncorhynchus mykiss)
	<b>Acute - EC50</b> 0,024 mg/l [72 hours]	Algae
	<b>Chronic - NOEC</b> 0,199 mg/l [30 days]	Fish - Rainbow trout (oncorhynchus mykiss)
	<b>Chronic - NOEC</b> 0,037 mg/l [21 days]	Daphnia spec.
	<b>Acute - LC50 - Fresh water</b> 230 ppm [96 hours]	Fish - Western mosquitofish - Adult

**Conclusion/Summary [Product]** : Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

**Ingredient name**

neodecanoic acid, cobalt salt

**Conclusion/Summary**

Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

### 12.2 Persistence and degradability

Product/ingredient name	Test	Result
hydrocarbons, C9-C11, n-/ iso-/ cyclo-alkanes, < 2% aromatics	-	>80% [28 days] - Readily
	-	>80% [28 days] - Readily

**Conclusion/Summary [Product]** : This product has not been tested for biodegradation.

**Ingredient name**

hydrocarbons, C9-C11, n-/ iso-/ cyclo-alkanes, < 2% aromatics

hydrocarbons, C10-C13, n-/ iso-/ cyclo-alkanes, < 2% aromatics

**Conclusion/Summary**

Rapidly lost by degradation and volatilisation.

Rapidly lost by degradation and volatilisation.

Product/ingredient name	Aquatic half-life	Photolysis	Biodegradability
hydrocarbons, C9-C11, n-/ iso-/ cyclo-alkanes, < 2% aromatics	-	100%; <28 day(s)	Readily
hydrocarbons, C10-C13, n-/ iso-/ cyclo-alkanes, < 2% aromatics	<28 days [Fresh water] [5 to 25 °C]	80%; <28 day(s)	Readily
zinc oxide	-	-	Not readily

### 12.3 Bioaccumulative potential

**SECTION 12: Ecological information**

Product/ingredient name	LogP <sub>ow</sub>	BCF	Potential
hydrocarbons, C9-C11, n-/iso-/ cyclo-alkanes, < 2% aromatics	5 to 6.7	10 to 2500	High
trizinc bis(orthophosphate)	-	60960	High
zinc oxide	-	28960	High
neodecanoic acid, cobalt salt	-	15600	High
maleic anhydride	-2,78	-	Low

**12.4 Mobility in soil**

**Soil/water partition coefficient** : Not available.

**Mobility** : This product is not likely to volatilise rapidly into the air because of its low vapour pressure.

**12.5 Results of PBT and vPvB assessment**

Product/ingredient name	PBT	P	B	T	vPvB	vP	vB
hydrocarbons, C9-C11, n-/iso-/ cyclo-alkanes, < 2% aromatics	No	N/A	No	No	No	N/A	No
trizinc bis(orthophosphate)	No	No	No	No	No	No	No
hydrocarbons, C10-C13, n-/iso-/ cyclo-alkanes, < 2% aromatics	No	No	N/A	No	No	No	N/A
zinc oxide	No	No	No	No	No	No	No
neodecanoic acid, cobalt salt	N/A	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	N/A	Yes
maleic anhydride	N/A	N/A	N/A	Yes	N/A	N/A	N/A

**12.6 Other adverse effects** : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

**SECTION 13: Disposal considerations**

The information in this section contains generic advice and guidance.

**13.1 Waste treatment methods****Product**

**Methods of disposal** : The generation of waste should be avoided or minimised wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction.

**Hazardous waste** : Yes.





**Waste catalogue**

Waste code	Waste designation
08 01 11*	waste paint and varnish containing organic solvents or other hazardous substances

## SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

**Special precautions** : This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Vapour from product residues may create a highly flammable or explosive atmosphere inside the container. Do not cut, weld or grind used containers unless they have been cleaned thoroughly internally. Avoid dispersal of spilt material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

## SECTION 14: Transport information

	ADR/RID	ADN	IMDG	IATA
<b>14.1 UN number or ID number</b>	UN1263	UN1263	UN1263	UN1263
<b>14.2 UN proper shipping name</b>	PAINT	PAINT	PAINT	PAINT
<b>14.3 Transport hazard class(es)</b>	3 	3 	3 	3 
<b>14.4 Packing group</b>	III	III	III	III
<b>14.5 Environmental hazards</b>	No.	No.	No.	No.

### Additional information ADR

**Viscous liquid exception** This class 3 viscous liquid is not subject to regulation in packagings up to 450 L according to 2.2.3.1.5.1.

**Limited quantity** : 5L  
**Transport Category** : 3  
**Hazard identification number** : 30  
**Classification code** : F1  
**ADR Label Model Number** : 3  
**Excepted Quantity** : E1  
**Tunnel code** : (D/E)  
**Packing instructions** : P001, IBC03, LP01, R001  
**Mixed Packing Provisions** : MP19  
**Special Packing Provisions** : PP1  
**Special provisions** : 163, 367, 650

### Additional information ADN

**Viscous liquid exception** This class 3 viscous liquid is not subject to regulation in packagings up to 450 L according to 2.2.3.1.5.1.

**Limited quantity** : 5L  
**Classification code** : F1  
**Special provisions** : 163, 367, 650

### Additional information IMDG

**Viscous liquid exception** This class 3 viscous liquid is not subject to regulation in packagings up to 450 L according to 2.3.2.5.

## SECTION 14: Transport information

- Limited quantity** : 5L  
**Emergency schedules** : F-E, S-E  
**Segregation code** : Glass bottle Product may attack some forms of plastic and rubber coatings.  
**Special provisions** : 163, 223, 367, 955

### Additional information IATA

- Passenger and Cargo Aircraft** : Quantity limitation 60L Packaging instruction 355  
**Cargo aircraft** : Quantity limitation 220L Packaging instruction 366  
**Limited Quantities - Passenger Aircraft** : Quantity limitation 10L Packaging instruction Y344  
**Special provisions** : A3, A72, A192

**14.6 Special precautions for user** : **Transport within user's premises:** always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the event of an accident or spillage.

**14.7 Maritime transport in bulk according to IMO instruments** : Not available.

## SECTION 15: Regulatory information

### 15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

#### UK (GB)/REACH

##### Annex XIV - List of substances subject to authorisation

##### Annex XIV

None of the components are listed above the relevant limit.

##### Substances of very high concern

None of the components are listed above the relevant limit.

##### Annex XVII - Restrictions on the manufacture, placing on the market and use of certain dangerous substances, mixtures and articles

Product/ingredient name	%	Designation [Usage]
7300 CombiColor Original Hammertone	≥90	3

**Labelling** : Not applicable.

##### Synthetic polymer microparticles - Designation 78

**Generic identity of polymer(s)** : Not applicable.

**Total percentage of synthetic polymer microparticles** : Not applicable.

### Other EU regulations

**VOC** : The provisions of Directive 2004/42/EC on VOC apply to this product. Refer to the product label and/or technical data sheet for further information.

**VOC for Ready-for-Use Mixture** : IIA/i. One-pack performance coatings. EU limit value for this product : 500g/l (2010.) This product contains a maximum of 477 g/l VOC.

**Industrial emissions (integrated pollution prevention and control) - Air** : Not listed

7300 CombiColor Original Hammertone

## SECTION 15: Regulatory information

**Industrial emissions (integrated pollution prevention and control) - Water** : Not listed

### Ozone depleting substances

Not listed.

### Prior Informed Consent (PIC)

Not listed.

### Persistent Organic Pollutants

Not listed.

### Seveso Directive

This product is controlled under the Seveso Directive.

### Danger criteria

<b>Category</b>
P5c

### National regulations

Product/ingredient name	List name	Name on list	Classification	Notes
neodecanoic acid, cobalt salt	EH40/2005 WELs	cobalt and cobalt compounds	Carc	-

### EU regulations

**Industrial emissions (integrated pollution prevention and control) - Air** : Not listed

**Industrial emissions (integrated pollution prevention and control) - Water** : Not listed

### International regulations

#### Chemical Weapon Convention List Schedules I, II & III Chemicals

Not listed.

#### Montreal Protocol

Not listed.

#### Stockholm Convention on Persistent Organic Pollutants

Not listed.

#### Rotterdam Convention on Prior Informed Consent (PIC)

Not listed.

#### UNECE Aarhus Protocol on POPs and Heavy Metals

Not listed.

**CN code** : 3208 10 90 00

### Inventory list

- Australia** : At least one component is not listed.
- Canada** : At least one component is not listed.
- China** : At least one component is not listed.
- Eurasian Economic Union** : **Russian Federation inventory**: Not determined.
- Japan** : **Japan inventory (CSCL)**: At least one component is not listed.  
**Japan inventory (ISHL)**: At least one component is not listed.

**SECTION 15: Regulatory information**

<b>New Zealand</b>	: At least one component is not listed.
<b>Philippines</b>	: At least one component is not listed.
<b>Republic of Korea</b>	: At least one component is not listed.
<b>Taiwan</b>	: At least one component is not listed.
<b>Thailand</b>	: Not determined.
<b>Turkey</b>	: Not determined.
<b>United States</b>	: At least one component is not listed.
<b>Viet Nam</b>	: Not determined.
<b>15.2 Chemical safety assessment</b>	: This product contains substances for which Chemical Safety Assessments are still required.

**SECTION 16: Other information**

✔ Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

<b>Abbreviations and acronyms</b>	: ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate GB CLP = UK CLP (EC No 1272/2008) on the Classification, Labelling and Packaging of Substances and Mixtures as amended by (EU Exit) Regulations 2019 No. 720 and amendments DMEL = Derived Minimal Effect Level DNEL = Derived No Effect Level EUH statement = GB CLP-specific Hazard statement N/A = Not available PBT = Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic PNEC = Predicted No Effect Concentration RRN = REACH Registration Number SGG = Segregation Group vPvB = Very Persistent and Very Bioaccumulative
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**Procedure used to derive the classification**

Classification	Justification
Flam. Liq. 3, H226 STOT SE 3, H336 Aquatic Chronic 3, H412	On basis of test data Calculation method Calculation method

**Full text of abbreviated H statements**

H226	Flammable liquid and vapour.
H302	Harmful if swallowed.
H304	May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.
H314	Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.
H317	May cause an allergic skin reaction.
H318	Causes serious eye damage.
H334	May cause allergy or asthma symptoms or breathing difficulties if inhaled.
H336	May cause drowsiness or dizziness.
H372	Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.
H400	Very toxic to aquatic life.
H410	Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
H412	Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
EUH066	Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking.
EUH071	Corrosive to the respiratory tract.

**Full text of classifications**

Acute Tox. 4	ACUTE TOXICITY - Category 4
Aquatic Acute 1	SHORT-TERM (ACUTE) AQUATIC HAZARD - Category 1
Aquatic Chronic 1	LONG-TERM (CHRONIC) AQUATIC HAZARD - Category 1
Aquatic Chronic 3	LONG-TERM (CHRONIC) AQUATIC HAZARD - Category 3
Asp. Tox. 1	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1
Eye Dam. 1	SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/EYE IRRITATION - Category 1
Flam. Liq. 3	FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 3
Resp. Sens. 1	RESPIRATORY SENSITISATION - Category 1
Skin Corr. 1B	SKIN CORROSION/IRRITATION - Category 1B
Skin Sens. 1	SKIN SENSITISATION - Category 1

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## SECTION 16: Other information

Skin Sens. 1A	SKIN SENSITISATION - Category 1A
STOT RE 1	SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY - REPEATED EXPOSURE - Category 1
STOT SE 3	SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY - SINGLE EXPOSURE - Category 3

**Date of printing** : 6/05/2026

**Date of issue/ Date of revision** : 6/05/2026

**Date of previous issue** : 14/07/2025

**Version** : 6

### Notice to reader

**IMPORTANT NOTE:** The information in this Safety Data Sheet is based on the present state of knowledge and current legislation. It provides guidance on health, safety and environmental aspects of the product and should not be construed as any guarantee of technical performance or suitability for particular applications. The information contained in this data sheet (as may be amended from time to time) is not intended to be exhaustive and is presented in good faith and believed to be correct as of the date on which it is prepared. It is the user's responsibility to verify that this data sheet is current prior to using the product to which it relates. Persons using the information must make their own determinations as to the suitability of the relevant product for their purposes prior to use. Where those purposes are other than as specifically recommended in this safety data sheet, then the user uses the product at their own risk.

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Final determination of suitability of any material is the sole responsibility of the user. All materials may present unknown hazards and should be used with caution. Although certain hazards are described herein, we cannot guarantee that these are the only hazards that exist.