Conforms to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH), Annex II, as amended by UK REACH Regulation SI 2019/758

Quality Paints since 1845 **MATHYS**[®] **IRUST-OLEUM**[®]

SAFETY DATA SHEET

1017 Bright Galvanizing (brush)

SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/ undertaking

| 1.1 Product identifier | |
|------------------------|-----------------------------------|
| Product name | : 1017 Bright Galvanizing (brush) |
| Product description | : Paint |
| Product type | : Liquid. |
| UFI | : E5W1-V03J-F00C-KGK9 |
| | |

1.2 Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

| Identified uses | |
|--|--|
| Consumer use Industrial use Professional use | |
| Uses advised against Reason | |

None identified.

1.3 Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

RUST-OLEUM EUROPE Martin Mathys NV, Kolenbergstraat 23, B-3545 Zelem, Belgium Telephone no.: +32 (0) 13 460 200 Fax no.: +32 (0) 13 460 201

Tor Coatings Limited Unit 21, White Rose Way, Follingsby Park, Gateshead, Tyne & Wear, NE10 8YX United Kingdom Telephone no.: +44 (0) 191 4106611 Fax no.: +44 (0) 191 4920125 enquiries@tor-coatings.com

e-mail address of person : rpmeurohas@rustoleum.eu responsible for this SDS

1.4 Emergency telephone number

| National advisory body/Poison Centre | |
|---|------------------------------------|
| <u>Supplier</u> | |
| Telephone number United Kingdom: Great Britain | : +44 870 8200418 / +44 2038073798 |
| Hours of operation | : 24/7 |

SECTION 2: Hazards identification

2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture

Product definition : Mixture

Classification according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP/GHS]

Flam. Liq. 3, H226 Skin Irrit. 2, H315 Eye Irrit. 2, H319 STOT RE 2, H373 Aquatic Acute 1, H400 Aquatic Chronic 1, H410

The product is classified as hazardous according to Regulation (EC) 1272/2008 as amended.

See Section 16 for the full text of the H statements declared above.

See Section 11 for more detailed information on health effects and symptoms.

2.2 Label elements

Hazard pictograms

| Signal word | : | Warning |
|--|---|---|
| Hazard statements | : | H226 - Flammable liquid and vapour. H315 - Causes skin irritation. H319 - Causes serious eye irritation. H373 - May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. H410 - Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects. |
| Precautionary statements | | |
| General | - | P103 - Read carefully and follow all instructions. P102 - Keep out of reach of children. P101 - If medical advice is needed, have product container or label at hand. |
| Prevention | : | P280 - Wear protective gloves. Wear eye or face protection. P210 - Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking. P273 - Avoid release to the environment. P260 - Do not breathe vapour. |
| Response | : | P391 - Collect spillage. P303 + P361 + P353 - IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water. |
| Storage | : | P403 + P235 - Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool. |
| Disposal | : | P501 - Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national and international regulations. |
| Hazardous ingredients | : | Reaction mass of ethylbenzene and xylene |
| Supplemental label elements | : | Not applicable. |
| Supplemental label elements : Detergents - Regulation (EC) No 907/2006 | : | Not applicable. |
| Annex XVII - Restrictions on the manufacture, placing on the market and use of certain dangerous substances, mixtures and articles <u>Special packaging requirem</u> | | Not applicable |
| | | |

SECTION 2: Hazards identification

Containers to be fitted: Not applicable.with child-resistantfasteningsTactile warning of danger: Yes, applicable.

2.3 Other hazards

Product meets the criteria for PBT or vPvB according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006, Annex XIII

This mixture does not contain any substances that are assessed to be a PBT or a vPvB.

Other hazards which do : None known. not result in classification

SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

3.2 Mixtures : Mixture

United Kingdom: Great Britain

| Product/ingredient name | Identifiers | % | Classification | Specific Conc. Limits, M-factors and ATEs | Туре |
|--|--|-----------|--|---|---------|
| Zinc powder - zinc dust (stabilized) | REACH #: 01-2119467174-37 EC: 231-175-3 CAS: 7440-66-6 Index: 030-001-01-9 | ≥50 - ≤75 | Aquatic Acute 1, H400 Aquatic Chronic 1, H410 | M [Acute] = 1 M [Chronic] = 1 | [1] |
| Reaction mass of ethylbenzene and xylene | REACH #: 01-2119488216-32 | ≥10 - ≤25 | Flam. Liq. 3, H226 Acute Tox. 4, H312 Acute Tox. 4, H332 Skin Irrit. 2, H315 Eye Irrit. 2, H319 STOT SE 3, H335 STOT RE 2, H373 Asp. Tox. 1, H304 | ATE [Dermal] = 1100 mg/kg ATE [Inhalation (vapours)] = 11 mg/ I | [1] [2] |
| hydrocarbons, C9-C11, n-/ iso-/ cyclo-alkanes, < 2% aromatics | REACH #: 01-2119463258-33 EC: 919-857-5 | ≥10 - <20 | Flam. Liq. 3, H226 STOT SE 3, H336 Asp. Tox. 1, H304 EUH066 | - | [1] [2] |
| hydrocarbons, C10-C13, n-/ iso-/ cyclo-alkanes, < 2% aromatics | REACH #: 01-2119457273-39 EC: 918-481-9 Index: 649-327-00-6 | ≤3 | Asp. Tox. 1, H304 EUH066 | - | [1] [2] |
| hydrocarbons, aromatic, C9 | REACH #: 01-2119455851-35 EC: 918-668-5 | ≤3 | Flam. Liq. 3, H226 STOT SE 3, H335 STOT SE 3, H336 Asp. Tox. 1, H304 Aquatic Chronic 2, H411 EUH066 | - | [1] |
| | | | See Section 16 for the full text of the H statements declared above. | | |

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment, are PBTs, vPvBs or Substances of equivalent concern, or have been assigned a workplace exposure limit and hence require reporting in this section.

SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

<u>Type</u>

- [1] Substance classified with a health or environmental hazard
- [2] Substance with a workplace exposure limit

List numbers have no legal significance.

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

SECTION 4: First aid measures

| 4.1 Description of first aid n | neasures |
|--------------------------------|--|
| Eye contact | : Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. Check for and remove any contact lenses. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention. |
| Inhalation | : Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Get medical attention following exposure or if feeling unwell. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband. |
| Skin contact | : Flush contaminated skin with plenty of water. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention. Wash clothing before reuse. Clean shoes thoroughly before reuse. |
| Ingestion | : Wash out mouth with water. Remove dentures if any. If material has been swallowed and the exposed person is conscious, give small quantities of water to drink. Stop if the exposed person feels sick as vomiting may be dangerous. Do not induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. If vomiting occurs, the head should be kept low so that vomit does not enter the lungs. Get medical attention following exposure or if feeling unwell. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband. |
| Protection of first-aiders | : No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. |

4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

| <u>Over-exposure signs/sy</u> | mptoms |
|-------------------------------|--|
| Eye contact | : Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain or irritation watering redness |
| Inhalation | : No specific data. |
| Skin contact | : Adverse symptoms may include the following: irritation redness |
| Ingestion | : No specific data. |
| 4.3 Indication of any imm | ediate medical attention and special treatment needed |
| Notes to physician | : Treat symptomatically. Contact poison treatment specialist immediately if I quantities have been ingested or inhaled. |
| Specific treatments | : No specific treatment. |

large

SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

| 5.1 Extinguishing media | |
|--------------------------------|--|
| Suitable extinguishing media | : Use dry chemical, CO ₂ , water spray (fog) or foam. |
| Unsuitable extinguishing media | : Do not use water jet. |

5.2 Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

| Hazards from the substance or mixture | : | Flammable liquid and vapour. Runoff to sewer may create fire or explosion hazard. In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst, with the risk of a subsequent explosion. The vapour/gas is heavier than air and will spread along the ground. Vapours may accumulate in low or confined areas or travel a considerable distance to a source of ignition and flash back. This material is very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects. Fire water contaminated with this material must be contained and prevented from being discharged to any waterway, sewer or drain. |
|---|---|---|
| Hazardous combustion products | : | Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon dioxide carbon monoxide metal oxide/oxides |
| 5.3 Advice for firefighters | | |
| Special protective actions for fire-fighters | : | Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Move containers from fire area if this can be done without risk. Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool. |
| Special protective equipment for fire-fighters | : | Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode. Clothing for fire-fighters (including helmets, protective boots and gloves) conforming to European standard EN 469 will provide a basic level of protection for chemical incidents. |
| Additional information | : | No unusual hazard if involved in a fire. |

SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures For non-emergency : No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from personnel entering. Do not touch or walk through spilt material. Shut off all ignition sources. No flares, smoking or flames in hazard area. Avoid breathing vapour or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment. For emergency responders : If specialised clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".

: Avoid dispersal of spilt material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains 6.2 Environmental and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental precautions pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air). Water polluting material. May be harmful to the environment if released in large quantities. Collect spillage.

6.3 Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

| Small spill | : Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. |
|-------------|--|
|-------------|--|

SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

| Large spill | : Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Approach the release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilt product. |
|---------------------------------|--|
| 6.4 Reference to other sections | : See Section 1 for emergency contact information. See Section 8 for information on appropriate personal protective equipment. See Section 13 for additional waste treatment information. |

SECTION 7: Handling and storage

The information in this section contains generic advice and guidance.

7.1 Precautions for safe handling

| Protective measures | : Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Do not breathe vapour or mist. Do not ingest. Avoid contact with eyes, skin and clothing. Avoid release to the environment. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Do not enter storage areas and confined spaces unless adequately ventilated. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Store and use away from heat, sparks, open flame or any other ignition source. Use explosion-proof electrical (ventilating, lighting and material handling) equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against electrostatic discharges. To avoid fire or explosion, dissipate static electricity during transfer by earthing and bonding containers and equipment before transferring material. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container. |
|--|--|
| Advice on general occupational hygiene | : Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures. |

7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Store between the following temperatures: 0 to 30°C (32 to 86°F). Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in a segregated and approved area. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Eliminate all ignition sources. Separate from oxidising materials. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabelled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination. See Section 10 for incompatible materials before handling or use.

Seveso Directive - Reporting thresholds

Danger criteria

| | Notification and MAPP threshold | Safety report threshold |
|-----|---------------------------------|-------------------------|
| P5c | 5000 tonne | 50000 tonne |
| E1 | 100 tonne | 200 tonne |

7.3 Specific end use(s)

Recommendations

: Not available.

Industrial sector specific solutions

: Not available.

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

required.

The information in this section contains generic advice and guidance. Information is provided based on typical anticipated uses of the product. Additional measures might be required for bulk handling or other uses that could significantly increase worker exposure or environmental releases.

8.1 Control parameters

Occupational exposure limits / Biological exposure indices

United Kingdom: Great Britain

| Product/ingredient name | Exposure limit values |
|---|--|
| Reaction mass of ethylbenzene and xylene | EH40/2005 WELs (United Kingdom (UK), 1/2020). [xylene, o-,m-, p- or mixed isomers] Absorbed through skin. STEL: 441 mg/m ³ 15 minutes. STEL: 100 ppm 15 minutes. TWA: 220 mg/m ³ 8 hours. TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours. |
| hydrocarbons, C9-C11, n-/ iso-/ cyclo-alkanes, < 2% aromatics | EH40/2005 WELs (United Kingdom (UK), 8/2007). STEL: 850 mg/m ³ , (as turpentine (150 ppm)) 15 minutes. Form: Vapour TWA: 566 mg/m ³ , (as turpentine (100 ppm)) 8 hours. Form: Vapour |
| hydrocarbons, C10-C13, n-/ iso-/ cyclo-alkanes, < 2% aromatics | EH40/2005 WELs (United Kingdom (UK), 8/2007). STEL: 850 mg/m³, (as turpentine (150 ppm)) 15 minutes. Form: Vapour TWA: 566 mg/m³, (as turpentine (100 ppm)) 8 hours. Form: Vapour |
| procedures European Stand assessment of values and mea atmospheres - of exposure to o | Ind be made to monitoring standards, such as the following: dard EN 689 (Workplace atmospheres - Guidance for the exposure by inhalation to chemical agents for comparison with limit asurement strategy) European Standard EN 14042 (Workplace Guide for the application and use of procedures for the assessment chemical and biological agents) European Standard EN 482 nospheres - General requirements for the performance of procedures |

for the measurement of chemical agents) Reference to national guidance

documents for methods for the determination of hazardous substances will also be

DNELs/DMELs

| Product/ingredient name | Туре | Exposure | Value | Population | Effects |
|--|--------|--------------------------|-----------------------|-----------------------|-----------|
| Zinc powder - zinc dust (stabilized) | DNEL | Long term Inhalation | 5 mg/m³ | Workers | Local |
| | DNEL | Long term Inhalation | 2,5 mg/m³ | Workers | Local |
| | DNEL | Short term Oral | 50 mg/day | Workers | Local |
| | DNEL | Short term Dermal | 5000 mg/ day | Workers | Local |
| Reaction mass of ethylbenzene and xylene | DNEL | Short term Inhalation | 442 mg/m ³ | Workers | Local |
| | DNEL | Short term Inhalation | 442 mg/m ³ | Workers | Systemic |
| | DNEL | Long term Inhalation | 221 mg/m ³ | Workers | Local |
| | DNEL | Long term Inhalation | 221 mg/m ³ | Workers | Systemic |
| | DNEL | Long term Dermal | 212 mg/kg bw/day | Workers | Systemic |
| | DNEL | Short term Inhalation | 260 mg/m ³ | General population | Local |
| | DNEL | Short term Inhalation | 260 mg/m ³ | General population | Systemic |
| | DNEL | Long term | 65,3 mg/m³ | | Local |
| te of issue/Date of revision : 06/1 | 1/2023 | Date of previous issue | : 26/10/2 | 023 V | ersion :9 |

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

| bechow o. Exposure com | .i 013/p | | Clion | | |
|--|----------|-------------------------|------------------------|--------------------------------------|----------|
| | | Inhalation | | population | |
| | DNEL | Long term Inhalation | 65,3 mg/m ³ | General population | Systemic |
| | DNEL | Long term Dermal | 125 mg/kg bw/day | General population | Systemic |
| | DNEL | Long term Oral | 12,5 mg/ kg bw/day | General population | Systemic |
| hydrocarbons, C9-C11, n-/ iso-/ cyclo-alkanes, < 2% aromatics | DNEL | Long term Dermal | 208 mg/kg bw/day | Workers | Systemic |
| | DNEL | Long term Inhalation | 871 mg/m³ | Workers | Systemic |
| | DNEL | Long term Oral | 125 mg/kg bw/day | General population [Consumers] | Systemic |
| | DNEL | Long term Inhalation | 185 mg/m³ | General population [Consumers] | Systemic |
| | DNEL | Long term Dermal | 125 mg/kg bw/day | General population [Consumers] | Systemic |
| hydrocarbons, aromatic, C9 | DNEL | Long term Inhalation | 150 mg/m³ | Workers | Systemic |
| | DNEL | Long term Dermal | 25 mg/kg | Workers | Systemic |
| | DNEL | Long term Dermal | 11 mg/kg | General population | Systemic |
| | DNEL | Long term Inhalation | 32 mg/m³ | General population | Systemic |
| | DNEL | Long term Oral | 11 mg/kg | General population | Systemic |

PNECs

| Product/ingredient name | Compartment Detail | Value | Method Detail |
|--|---------------------------|----------------|---------------|
| Zinc powder - zinc dust (stabilized) | Fresh water | 20,6 µg/l | - |
| | Marine | 6,1 µg/l | - |
| | Sewage Treatment Plant | 52 µg/l | - |
| | Fresh water sediment | 118 mg/kg dwt | - |
| | Marine water sediment | 56,5 mg/kg dwt | - |
| | Soil | 35,6 mg/kg dwt | - |
| Reaction mass of ethylbenzene and xylene | Fresh water | 0,327 mg/l | - |
| | Marine water | 0,327 mg/l | - |
| | Fresh water sediment | 12,46 mg/kg | - |
| | Marine water sediment | 12,46 mg/kg | - |
| | Soil | 2,31 mg/kg | - |
| | Sewage Treatment | 6,58 mg/l | - |
| | Plant | - | |

| 8.2 Exposure controls | | |
|-------------------------------------|-----|---|
| Appropriate engineering controls | : | Use only with adequate ventilation. Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits. The engineering controls also need to keep gas, vapour or dust concentrations below any lower explosive limits. Use explosion-proof ventilation equipment. |
| Individual protection measu | res | |
| Hygiene measures | : | Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location. |

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

| Eye/face protection | : Safety eyewear complying with an approved standard should be used when a risk assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists, gases or dusts. Use eye protection according to EN 166. If contact is possible, the following protection should be worn, unless the assessment indicates a higher |
|---------------------|---|
| | degree of protection: chemical splash goggles. |

Skin protection

There is no one glove material or combination of materials that will give unlimited resistance to any individual or combination of chemicals.

The breakthrough time must be greater than the end use time of the product.

The instructions and information provided by the glove manufacturer on use, storage, maintenance and replacement must be followed.

Gloves should be replaced regularly and if there is any sign of damage to the glove material.

Always ensure that gloves are free from defects and that they are stored and used correctly.

The performance or effectiveness of the glove may be reduced by physical/chemical damage and poor maintenance. Barrier creams may help to protect the exposed areas of the skin but should not be applied once exposure has occurred.

| Hand protection | : Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated. > 8 hours (breakthrough time): polyethylene (PE) or polyvinyl alcohol (PVA). |
|---------------------------------|---|
| | The recommendation for the type or types of glove to use when handling this product is based on information from the following source: EN374. The user must check that the final choice of type of glove selected for handling this product is the most appropriate and takes into account the particular conditions of use, as included in the user's risk assessment. |
| Body protection | : Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product. When there is a risk of ignition from static electricity, wear anti-static protective clothing. For the greatest protection from static discharges, clothing should include anti-static overalls, boots and gloves. Refer to European Standard EN 1149 for further information on material and design requirements and test methods. Recommended: Personnel should wear antistatic clothing made of natural fibres or of high-temperature-resistant synthetic fibres. |
| Other skin protection | Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product. |
| Respiratory protection | : Based on the hazard and potential for exposure, select a respirator that meets the appropriate standard or certification. Respirators must be used according to a respiratory protection program to ensure proper fitting, training, and other important aspects of use. Recommended: organic vapour filter (Type A) (EN 140). |
| Environmental exposure controls | : Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels. |

SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

The conditions of measurement of all properties are at standard temperature and pressure unless otherwise indicated.

9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties

| Date of issue/Date of revision | Date of previous issue | : 26/10/2023 | Version | :9 9/19 |
|--------------------------------|------------------------|--------------|---------|---------|
| Odour threshold | : Not available. | | | |
| Odour | : Solvent-like | | | |
| Colour | : Silver. | | | |
| Physical state | : Liquid. | | | |

SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

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| Melting point/freezing point | : <-30°C [Literature] |
|---|--|
| Initial boiling point and boiling range | : >140°C (>284°F) [Literature] |
| Flammability (solid, gas) | Flammable in the presence of the following materials or conditions: open flames, sparks and static discharge. Slightly flammable in the presence of the following materials or conditions: heat. Vapour may travel a considerable distance to source of ignition and flash back. |
| Lower and upper explosion limit | : Lower: 1% Upper: 8% |
| Flash point Auto-ignition temperature Decomposition temperature | Closed cup: 25°C (77°F) [Literature] Not relevant due to nature of the product. Not available. |
| pH pH : Justification | Not applicable.Product is non-soluble (in water). |
| Viscosity | : Dynamic (room temperature): 1075 to 1250 mPa s [ASTM D562 [KU]] Kinematic (room temperature): 600 to 710 mm²/s [calculated.] Kinematic (40°C): >20,5 mm²/s [calculated.] |
| | |

Solubility(ies)

| Media | | Result |
|--|---|--|
| cold water hot water acetone | | Not soluble Not soluble Very slightly soluble |
| Solubility in water | : | Not available. |
| Partition coefficient: n-octanol/ water | : | Not applicable. |
| Vapour pressure | : | 0,8 kPa (6 mm Hg) [calculated.] |
| Evaporation rate | 1 | 0,8 (Butyl acetate. = 1) |
| Relative density | 1 | Not available. |
| Density | 1 | 1,76 to 1,79 g/cm³ [20°C (68°F)] [DIN 53217] |
| Vapour density | 1 | >3 [Air = 1] |
| Explosive properties | : | Slightly explosive in the presence of the following materials or conditions: open flames, sparks and static discharge and heat. No unusual hazard if involved in a fire. |
| Oxidising properties | : | Not available. |
| Particle characteristics | | |
| Median particle size | ÷ | Not applicable. |

SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

| 10.1 Reactivity | : No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients. |
|---|---|
| 10.2 Chemical stability | : The product is stable. |
| 10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions | : Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur. |
| 10.4 Conditions to avoid | : Avoid all possible sources of ignition (spark or flame). Do not pressurise, cut, weld, braze, solder, drill, grind or expose containers to heat or sources of ignition. Do not allow vapour to accumulate in low or confined areas. |

Date of issue/Date of revision

SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

10.5 Incompatible materials : Reactive or incompatible with the following materials: oxidising materials

10.6 Hazardous: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition productsdecomposition productsshould not be produced.

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

11.1 Information on hazard classes as defined in Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008

Acute toxicity

| Product/ingredient name | Result | Species | Dose | Exposure |
|--|--------------------------|---------------|----------------------------|----------|
| Reaction mass of ethylbenzene and xylene | LC50 Inhalation Vapour | Rat | 27124 mg/m ³ | 4 hours |
| hydrocarbons, C10-C13, n-/ iso-/ cyclo-alkanes, < 2% aromatics | LC50 Inhalation Vapour | Rat | 5000 mg/m³ | 4 hours |
| | LD50 Dermal LD50 Oral | Rabbit Rat | >5000 mg/kg >5000 mg/kg | - |
| hydrocarbons, aromatic, C9 | LD50 Oral | Rat | 8400 mg/kg | - |

Conclusion/Summary : Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Acute toxicity estimates

| Product/ingredient name | Oral (mg/ kg) | Dermal (mg/kg) | Inhalation (gases) (ppm) | Inhalation (vapours) (mg/l) | Inhalation (dusts and mists) (mg/l) |
|--|----------------------|--------------------|--------------------------------|-----------------------------------|--|
| Reaction mass of ethylbenzene and xylene hydrocarbons, C9-C11, n-/ iso-/ cyclo-alkanes, < 2% aromatics hydrocarbons, aromatic, C9 | N/A 10000 8400 | 1100 N/A N/A | N/A N/A N/A | 11 N/A N/A | N/A N/A N/A |

Irritation/Corrosion

| Product/ingredient name | Result | Species | Score | Exposure | Observation |
|---|----------------------|---------|-------|--|-------------|
| Zinc powder - zinc dust (stabilized) | Skin - Mild irritant | Human | - | 72 hours 300 Micrograms Intermittent | - |
| hydrocarbons, aromatic, C9 | Eyes - Mild irritant | Rabbit | - | 24 hours 100 Ul | - |

Conclusion/Summary

Skin Eyes : Causes skin irritation.

: Causes serious eye irritation.

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Respiratory
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: May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

Sensitisation

| Product/ingredient name | Route of exposure | Species | Result |
|---|-------------------|-------------------------------------|-------------------|
| hydrocarbons, C9-C11, n-/ iso-/ cyclo-alkanes, < 2% aromatics | skin | Rabbit | Not sensitizing |
| Conclusion/Summary | | | |
| Skin | : Based on avai | lable data, the classification crit | eria are not met. |
| Respiratory | : Based on avai | lable data, the classification crit | eria are not met. |
| <u>Mutagenicity</u> | | | |
| Conclusion/Summary | : Based on avai | lable data, the classification crit | eria are not met. |
| Conclusion/Summary | | | |

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SECTION 11: Toxicological information

: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Conclusion/Summary Reproductive toxicity

| Product/ingredient name | Maternal toxicity | Fertility | Developmental toxin | Species | Dose | Exposure |
|----------------------------|----------------------|-----------|------------------------|---------|------------------------------------|----------|
| hydrocarbons, aromatic, C9 | - | - | • | | Route of exposure unreported | - |

Conclusion/Summary : Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Teratogenicity

Conclusion/Summary : Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

| Product/ingredient name | Category | Route of exposure | Target organs |
|---|------------|-------------------|------------------------------|
| Reaction mass of ethylbenzene and xylene | Category 3 | - | Respiratory tract irritation |
| hydrocarbons, C9-C11, n-/ iso-/ cyclo-alkanes, < 2% aromatics | Category 3 | - | Narcotic effects |
| hydrocarbons, aromatic, C9 | Category 3 | - | Respiratory tract irritation |
| | Category 3 | | Narcotic effects |

Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

| Product/ingredient name | Category | Route of exposure | Target organs |
|--|------------|-------------------|---------------|
| Reaction mass of ethylbenzene and xylene | Category 2 | - | - |

Aspiration hazard

| Product/ingredient name | Result |
|--|--------------------------------|
| Reaction mass of ethylbenzene and xylene | ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1 |
| hydrocarbons, C9-C11, n-/ iso-/ cyclo-alkanes, < 2% aromatics | ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1 |
| hydrocarbons, C10-C13, n-/ iso-/ cyclo-alkanes, < 2% aromatics | ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1 |
| hydrocarbons, aromatic, C9 | ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1 |

Information on likely routes : Routes of entry anticipated: Oral, Dermal, Inhalation, Eyes.

of exposure Potential acute health effects

| - otoritiai aoato noaitin onoot | <u> </u> |
|---------------------------------|---|
| Eye contact | : Causes serious eye irritation. |
| Inhalation | : No known significant effects or critical hazards. |
| Skin contact | : Causes skin irritation. |
| Ingestion | : No known significant effects or critical hazards. |

Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

| Eye contact | : Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain or irritation watering redness |
|--------------|--|
| Inhalation | : No specific data. |
| Skin contact | : Adverse symptoms may include the following: irritation redness |
| Ingestion | : No specific data. |

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

| Delayed and immediate effect | ts as well as chronic effects from short and long-term exposure |
|-------------------------------|--|
| <u>Short term exposure</u> | |
| Potential immediate effects | : Not available. |
| Potential delayed effects | : Not available. |
| Long term exposure | |
| Potential immediate effects | : Not available. |
| Potential delayed effects | : Not available. |
| Potential chronic health effe | ects |
| Not available. | |
| Conclusion/Summary | : Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met. |
| General | : May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. |
| Carcinogenicity | : No known significant effects or critical hazards. |
| Mutagenicity | : No known significant effects or critical hazards. |
| Reproductive toxicity | : No known significant effects or critical hazards. |

11.2 Information on other hazards

11.2.1 Endocrine disrupting properties

Not available.

11.2.2 Other information

Not available.

SECTION 12: Ecological information

12.1 Toxicity

| Product/ingredient name | Result | Species | Exposure |
|--|-------------------------------------|--|----------|
| Zinc powder - zinc dust (stabilized) | Acute EC50 106 µg/l Fresh water | Algae - <i>Pseudokirchneriella</i> <i>subcapitata</i> - Exponential growth phase | 72 hours |
| | Acute EC50 0,572 mg/l Marine water | Algae - Ulva pertusa | 96 hours |
| | Acute EC50 10000 µg/l Fresh water | Aquatic plants - <i>Lemna minor</i> | 4 days |
| | Acute LC50 107 µg/l Fresh water | Daphnia spec <i>Daphnia pulex</i> | 48 hours |
| | Acute LC50 182 µg/l Fresh water | Fish - Oncorhynchus tshawytscha | 96 hours |
| | Chronic EC10 27,3 µg/l Fresh water | Algae - <i>Pseudokirchneriella</i> <i>subcapitata</i> - Exponential growth phase | 72 hours |
| | Chronic EC10 59,2 µg/l Fresh water | • | 21 days |
| | Chronic NOEC 9 mg/l Fresh water | Aquatic plants - Ceratophyllum demersum | 3 days |
| | Chronic NOEC 178 µg/l Marine water | Crustaceans - Palaemon elegans | 21 days |
| Reaction mass of ethylbenzene and xylene | NOEC 0,44 mg/l | Algae | 72 hours |
| , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , | NOEC 0,96 mg/l | Daphnia spec. | 7 days |
| | NOEC 1,3 mg/l | Fish | 56 days |
| hydrocarbons, C9-C11, n-/ iso-/ cyclo-alkanes, < 2% aromatics | Acute NOEC 100 mg/l | Algae - Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata | 72 hours |
| | Chronic NOEC 0,23 mg/l | Daphnia spec. | - |
| | Chronic NOEC 0,131 mg/l | Fish | - |
| hydrocarbons, C10-C13, n-/ iso-/ cyclo-alkanes, < 2% aromatics | Acute EC50 >1000 mg/l | Daphnia spec. | 4 hours |
| ate of issue/Date of revision | : 06/11/2023 Date of previous issue | : 26/10/2023 Version | :9 1 |

SECTION 12: Ecological information

| 5 | | | |
|---|-----------------------|-------|---------|
| | Acute IC50 >1000 mg/l | Algae | 4 hours |
| | Acute LC50 >1000 mg/l | Fish | 4 hours |

Conclusion/Summary

: Very toxic to aquatic life. Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

12.2 Persistence and degradability

| Test | Result | Dose | Inoculum |
|-------------------|---------------------------------|---|---------------------------------------|
| OECD 301B | >80 % - Readily - 28 days | - | - |
| OECD 301F | >80 % - Readily - 28 days | - | - |
| : This product ha | as not been tested for biodegra | adation. | |
| | OECD 301B OECD 301F | OECD 301B >80 % - Readily - 28 days OECD 301F >80 % - Readily - 28 days | OECD 301B >80 % - Readily - 28 days - |

| Product/ingredient name | Aquatic half-life | Photolysis | Biodegradability |
|---|-------------------|------------|--------------------|
| hydrocarbons, C9-C11, n-/ iso-/ cyclo-alkanes, < 2% aromatics hydrocarbons, C10-C13, n-/ iso-/ cyclo-alkanes, < 2% aromatics | | | Readily Readily |
| hydrocarbons, aromatic, C9 | - | - | Readily |

12.3 Bioaccumulative potential

| Product/ingredient name | LogPow | BCF | Potential |
|---|------------|------------|-----------|
| hydrocarbons, C9-C11, n-/ iso-/ cyclo-alkanes, < 2% aromatics | 5 to 6.5 | - | High |
| | 3.7 to 4.5 | 10 to 2500 | High |

| 12.4 Mobility in soil | |
|--|---|
| Soil/water partition coefficient (K _{oc}) | : Not available. |
| Mobility | : This product is not likely to volatilise rapidly into the air because of its low vapour pressure. |

12.5 Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

This mixture does not contain any substances that are assessed to be a PBT or a vPvB.

12.6 Endocrine disrupting properties

Not available.

12.7 Other adverse effects

No known significant effects or critical hazards.

SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

The information in this section contains generic advice and guidance.

13.1 Waste treatment methods

Product

SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

| Methods of disposal | : The generation of waste should be avoided or minimised wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. |
|------------------------|---|
| Hazardous waste | : Yes. |
| European weath astalog | |

European waste catalogue (EWC)

| Waste code | Waste designation | | |
|---------------------|---|--|--|
| 08 01 11* | waste paint and varnish containing organic solvents or other hazardous substances | | |
| Special precautions | : This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Vapour from product residues may create a highly flammable or explosive atmosphere inside the container. Do not cut, weld or grind used containers unless they have been cleaned thoroughly internally. Avoid dispersal of spilt material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. | | |

SECTION 14: Transport information

| | ADR/RID | ADN | IMDG | ΙΑΤΑ |
|---|--|---|---|---|
| 14.1 UN number or ID number | UN1263 | UN1263 | UN1263 | UN1263 |
| 14.2 UN proper shipping name | Paint | Paint | Paint. Marine pollutant | Paint |
| 14.3 Transport hazard class(es) | | | | 3 |
| 14.4 Packing group | 111 | 111 | 111 | 111 |
| 14.5 Environmental hazards | Yes. | Yes. | Yes. | Yes. The environmentally hazardous substance mark is not required. |
| <u>Additional</u> <u>information</u> | Limited quantity 5L Special provisions 163, 367, 650 Viscous liquid exception This class 3 viscous liquid that is also environmentally hazardous is not subject to regulation in packagings up to 5 L, provided the packagings meet the general provisions of 4.1.1.1, 4.1.1.2 and 4.1.1.4 to 4.1.1.8 according to 2.2.3.1.5.2. Tunnel code (D/E) | Special provisions 163, 367, 650 Viscous liquid exception This class 3 viscous liquid that is also environmentally hazardous is not subject to regulation in packagings up to 5 L, provided the packagings meet the general provisions of 4.1.1.1, 4.1.1.2 and 4.1.1.4 to 4.1.1.8 according to 2.2.3.1.5.2. <u>Remarks</u> : \leq 5L: Limited Quantity | Emergency schedules F-E, S-E Special provisions 163, 223, 367, 955 Viscous liquid exception This class 3 viscous liquid that is also environmentally hazardous is not subject to regulation in packagings up to 5 L, provided the packagings meet the general provisions of 4.1.1.1, 4.1.1.2 and 4.1.1.4 to $4.1.1.8according to 2.3.2.5.Remarks : \leq 5L:$ | The environmentally hazardous substance mark may appear if required by other transportation regulations. Quantity limitation Passenger and Cargo Aircraft: 60 L. Packaging instructions: 355. Cargo Aircraft Only: 220 L. Packaging instructions: 366. Limited Quantities - Passenger Aircraft: 10 L. Packaging instructions: Y344. |

| SECTION 14: Transport information | | |
|-----------------------------------|--------------------------------|-------------------------------------|
| | Limited Quantity - IMDG 3.4 | Special provisions A3, A72, A192 |

14.6 Special precautions for : Transport within user's premises: always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the event of an accident or spillage.

14.7 Transport in bulk : Not available. according to IMO instruments

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

| 15.1 Safety, health and envir | onm | ental regula | ations/legisla | ation specif | ic for the subs | stance or n | nixture | | |
|---|-------------|--------------|------------------------------|--------------|------------------------------------|--------------|----------------|-----------|--------|
| Annex XVII - Restrictions or | | | ire, placing o | on the mark | et and use of | certain dar | <u>igerous</u> | _ | |
| substances, mixtures and a | artic | <u>es</u> | | | | | | | |
| No listed substance | | | | | | | | | |
| Labelling | | | | | | | | | |
| Other EU regulations | | | | | | | | | |
| VOC | | | | | | | | | |
| VOC for Ready-for-Use Mixture | | | ck performar contains a m | | . EU limit value 497 g/l VOC. | for this pro | duct : 50 |)0g/l (20 |)10.) |
| Industrial emissions (integrated pollution prevention and control) - Air | : | Listed | | | | | | | |
| Industrial emissions (integrated pollution prevention and control) - Water | : | Listed | | | | | | | |
| Explosive precursors | i | | nt disappear | | on (EU) 2019/11 nefts should be | | | | tions, |
| United Kingdom: Great Bri | <u>tain</u> | | | | | | | | |
| <u>UK (GB)/REACH</u> | | | | | | | | | |
| Annex XIV - List of substar | <u>ıces</u> | subject to | authorisatio | <u>n</u> | | | | | |
| Annex XIV | | | | | | | | | |
| None of the components a | re lis | sted. | | | | | | | |
| Substances of very high o | conc | <u>ern</u> | | | | | | | |
| None of the components a | re lis | sted. | | | | | | | |
| Ozone depleting substance Not listed. | <u>es</u> | | | | | | | | |
| Prior Informed Consent (PI | <u>IC)</u> | | | | | | | | |
| Not listed. | | | | | | | | | |
| Persistent Organic Pollutar Not listed. | <u>nts</u> | | | | | | | | |
| Aerosol dispensers | : | | | | | | | | |
| Seveso Directive | | | | | | | | | |
| This product is controlled une | der t | he Seveso E | irective. | | | | | | |
| Date of issue/Date of revision | | : 06/11/2023 | Date of previo | us issue | : 26/10/2023 | | Version | :9 | 16/19 |

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

Danger criteria

Category

P5c E1

Annex XVII - Restrictions : Not applicable. on the manufacture, placing on the market and use of certain dangerous substances, mixtures and articles

International regulations

Stockholm Convention on Persistent Organic Pollutants

| List name | Ingredient name | Status |
|-------------|-----------------|--------|
| Not listed. | | |

Rotterdam Convention on Prior Informed Consent (PIC)

Not listed.

UNECE Aarhus Protocol on POPs and Heavy Metals

| List name | | Ingredient name | Status | |
|----------------------------------|----|--|------------------|--|
| Not listed. | | | | |
| CN code : 3208 90 91 | 00 | | | |
| Inventory list | | | | |
| Australia | 1 | Not determined. | | |
| Canada | : | Not determined. | | |
| China | : | At least one component is not listed. | | |
| Eurasian Economic Union | : | Russian Federation inventory: Not determined. | | |
| Japan | : | Japan inventory (CSCL): At least one component is not listed. Japan inventory (ISHL): Not determined. | | |
| New Zealand | : | At least one component is not listed. | | |
| Philippines | 1 | Not determined. | | |
| Republic of Korea | 1 | At least one component is not listed. | | |
| Taiwan | 1 | Not determined. | | |
| Thailand | 1 | Not determined. | | |
| Turkey | : | At least one component is not listed. | | |
| United States | : | Not determined. | | |
| Viet Nam | ; | Not determined. | | |
| 5.2 Chemical safety ssessment | : | This product contains substances for which Chemical Safety Asser | essments are sti | |

Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version. : ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate **Abbreviations and** CLP = Classification, Labelling and Packaging Regulation [Regulation (EC) No. acronyms 1272/2008] DMEL = Derived Minimal Effect Level DNEL = Derived No Effect Level EUH statement = CLP-specific Hazard statement N/A = Not available PBT = Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic Date of issue/Date of revision : 26/10/2023 :06/11/2023 Date of previous issue Version :9

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SECTION 16: Other information

PNEC = Predicted No Effect Concentration

RRN = REACH Registration Number

SGG = Segregation Group

vPvB = Very Persistent and Very Bioaccumulative

Procedure used to derive the classification according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP/GHS]

| Classification | Justification |
|-------------------------|-----------------|
| Flam. Liq. 3, H226 | Expert judgment |
| Skin Irrit. 2, H315 | Expert judgment |
| Eye Irrit. 2, H319 | Expert judgment |
| STOT RE 2, H373 | Expert judgment |
| Aquatic Acute 1, H400 | Expert judgment |
| Aquatic Chronic 1, H410 | Expert judgment |

Full text of abbreviated H statements

United Kingdom: Great Britain

| | _ | |
|--|---|---|
| Full text of abbreviated H statements | | H226 Flammable liquid and vapour. H304 May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways. H312 Harmful in contact with skin. H315 Causes skin irritation. H319 Causes serious eye irritation. H332 Harmful if inhaled. H335 May cause respiratory irritation. H336 May cause drowsiness or dizziness. H373 May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. H400 Very toxic to aquatic life. H410 Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects. EUH066 Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking. Acute Tox. 4 ACUTE TOXICITY - Category 4 Aquatic Acute 1 SHORT-TERM (ACUTE) AQUATIC HAZARD - Category 1 Aquatic LONG-TERM (CHRONIC) AQUATIC HAZARD - Category 2 Chronic 1 Aquatic LONG-TERM (CHRONIC) AQUATIC HAZARD - Category 2 Chronic 2 Asp. Tox. 1 ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1 Eye Irrit. 2 SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/EYE IRRITATION - Category 2 Flam. Liq. 3 FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 3 Skin Irrit. 2 SKIN CORROSION/IRRITATION - Category 2 STOT RE 2 SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY - SINGLE EXPOSURE - Category 3 |
| Date of printing | | 07/11/2023 |
| | | |
| Date of issue/ Date of revision | - | 06/11/2023 |
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| Version | 1 | 9 |
| | | |

Notice to reader

IMPORTANT NOTE: The information in this Safety Data Sheet is based on the present state of knowledge and current legislation. It provides guidance on health, safety and environmental aspects of the product and should not be construed as any guarantee of technical performance or suitability for particular applications. The information contained in this data sheet (as may be amended from time to time) is not intended to be exhaustive and is presented in good faith and believed to be correct as of the date on which it is prepared. It is the user's responsibility to verify that this data sheet is current prior to using the product to which it relates. Persons using the information must make their own determinations as to the suitability of the relevant product for their purposes prior to use. Where those purposes are other than as specifically recommended in this

SECTION 16: Other information

safety data sheet, then the user uses the product at their own risk.

MANUFACTURER'S DISCLAIMER: the conditions, methods and factors affecting the handling, storage, application, use and disposal of the product are not under the control and knowledge of the manufacturer. Therefore the manufacturer does not assume responsibility for any adverse events which may occur in the handling, storage, application, use, misuse or disposal of the product and, so far as permitted by applicable law, the manufacturer expressly disclaims liability for any and all loss, damages and/or expenses arising out of or in any way connected to the storage, handling, use or disposal of the product. Safe handling, storage, use and disposal are the responsibility of the users. Users must comply with all applicable health and safety laws.

Final determination of suitability of any material is the sole responsibility of the user. All materials may present unknown hazards and should be used with caution. Although certain hazards are described herein, we cannot guarantee that these are the only hazards that exist.